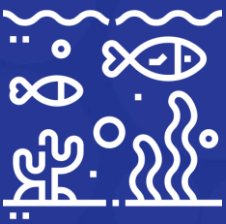




WIOMSA: Developing international and inter-disciplinary research capacity in support of regional ecosystem conservation efforts



Plenary session #2

Ecosystem Conservation



Louis Celliers

*Coastal & ocean scientist
Climate Service Center Germany
(GERICS)*

5th Symposium | Accra, Ghana | 24 – 28 October 2022



Developing international and inter-disciplinary research capacity in support of regional ecosystem conservation efforts



Louis Celliers – WIOMSA (Climate Service Center Germany (GERICS)-Hereon)



**GEO Blue Planet
5th Symposium**
24 - 28 Oct 2022 | Accra, Ghana

Local action in support of global traction





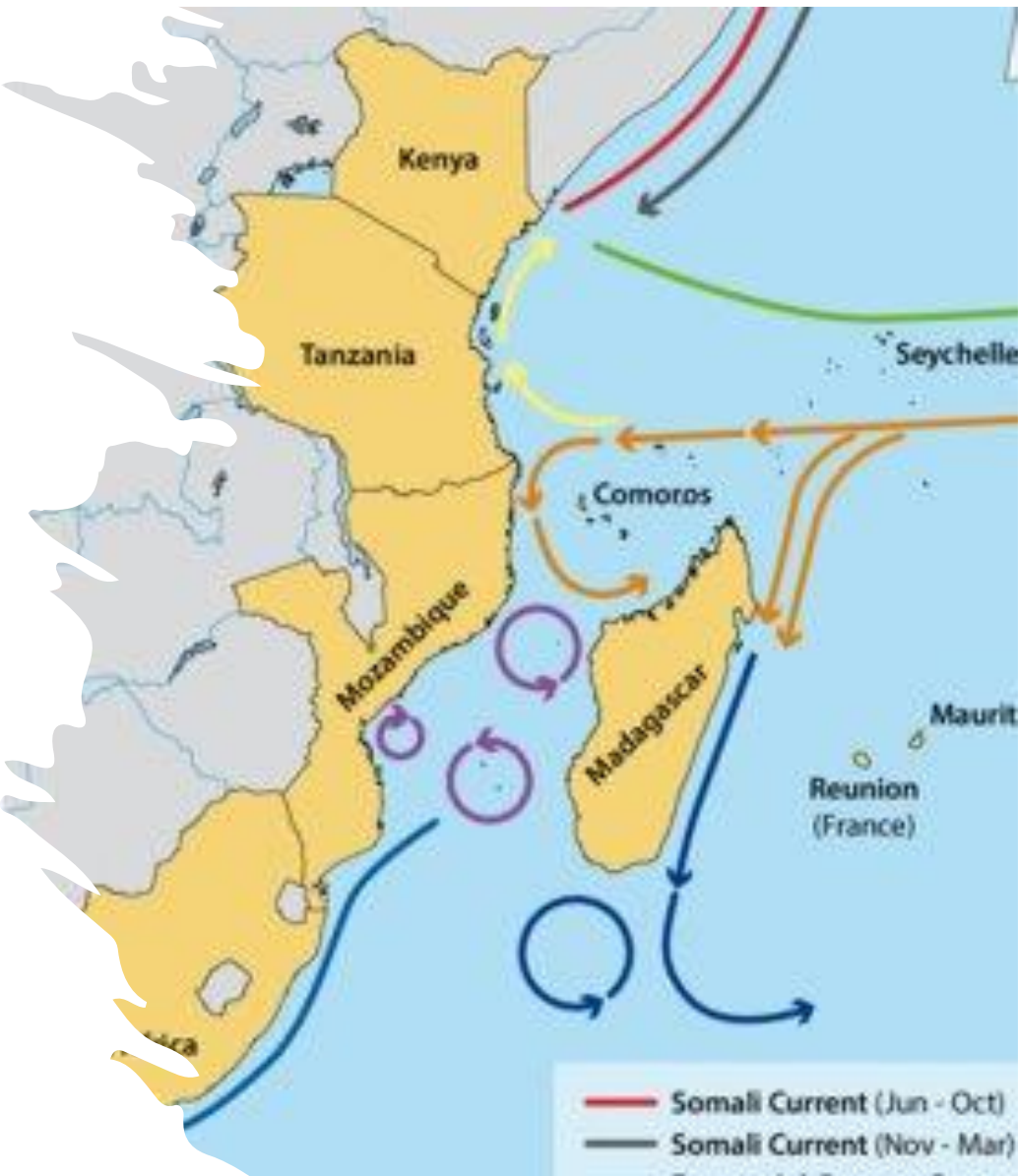
STRENGTHENING THE BLUE ECONOMY OF THE WESTERN INDIAN OCEAN THROUGH MARINE SPATIAL PLANNING AND INTEGRATION OF ECOSYSTEM SERVICES



Problem Statement

Humans' use of Earth's oceans has increased dramatically in the last decade. The added pressure on this essential resource has had deleterious effects on traditional ocean and coastal uses. In particular, fisheries, which have served as important economic and food security commodities for coastal and island regions, have declined due to their overexploitation and illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing. Additionally, climate change continues to modify species distribution and habitats, exacerbating the challenges.



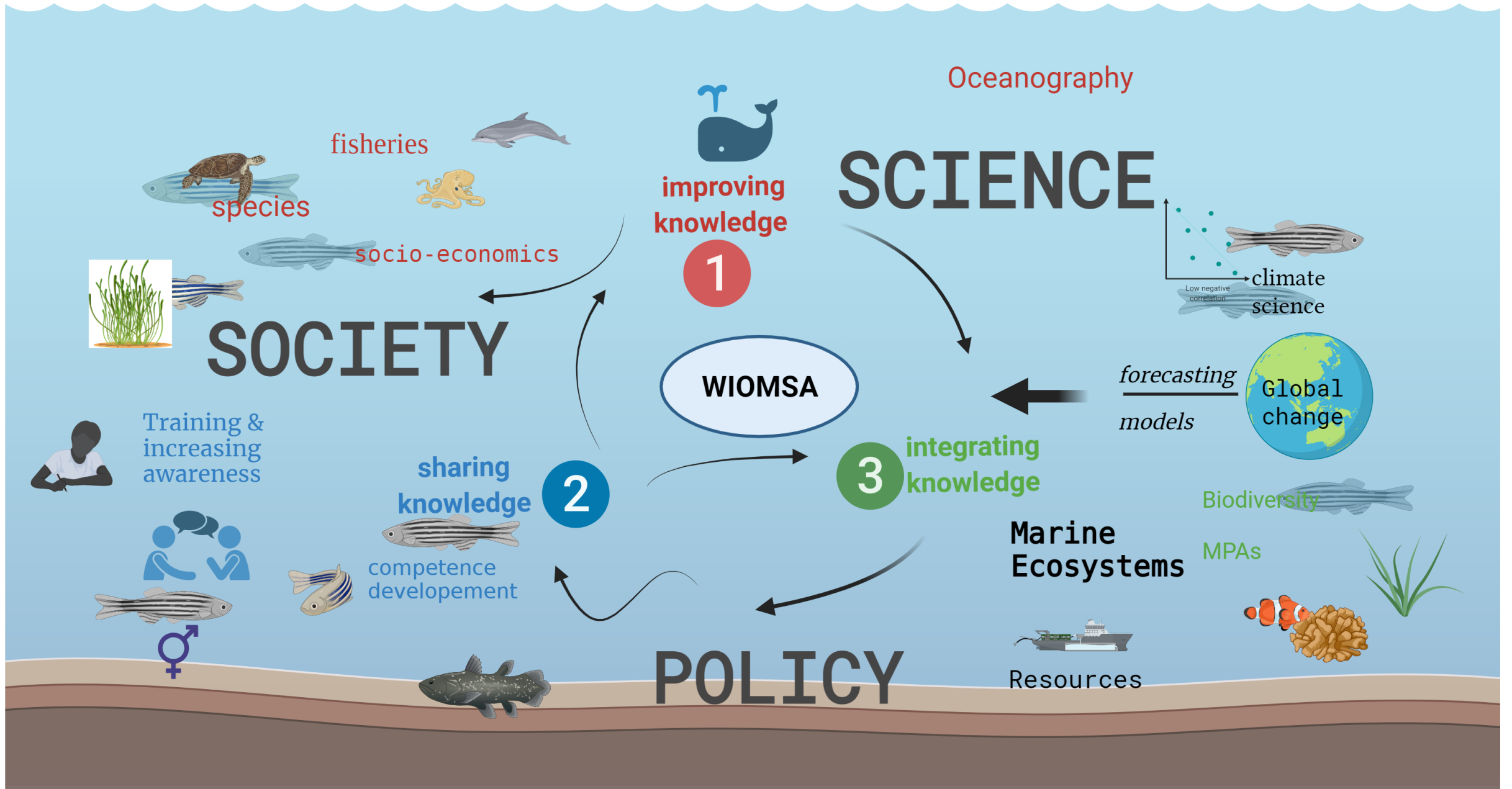


WIOMSA works in 10 countries

Promoting regional collaboration in marine science



WIOMSA in a nutshell





Research themes

Overfishing

Pollution

Coastal development

Marine litter

Climate change

Ocean acidification

Coasts and Cities

Knowledge sharing

- Training for MPA managers and communities
- Professional certification of MPA practitioners
- Applied research

Integrating knowledge

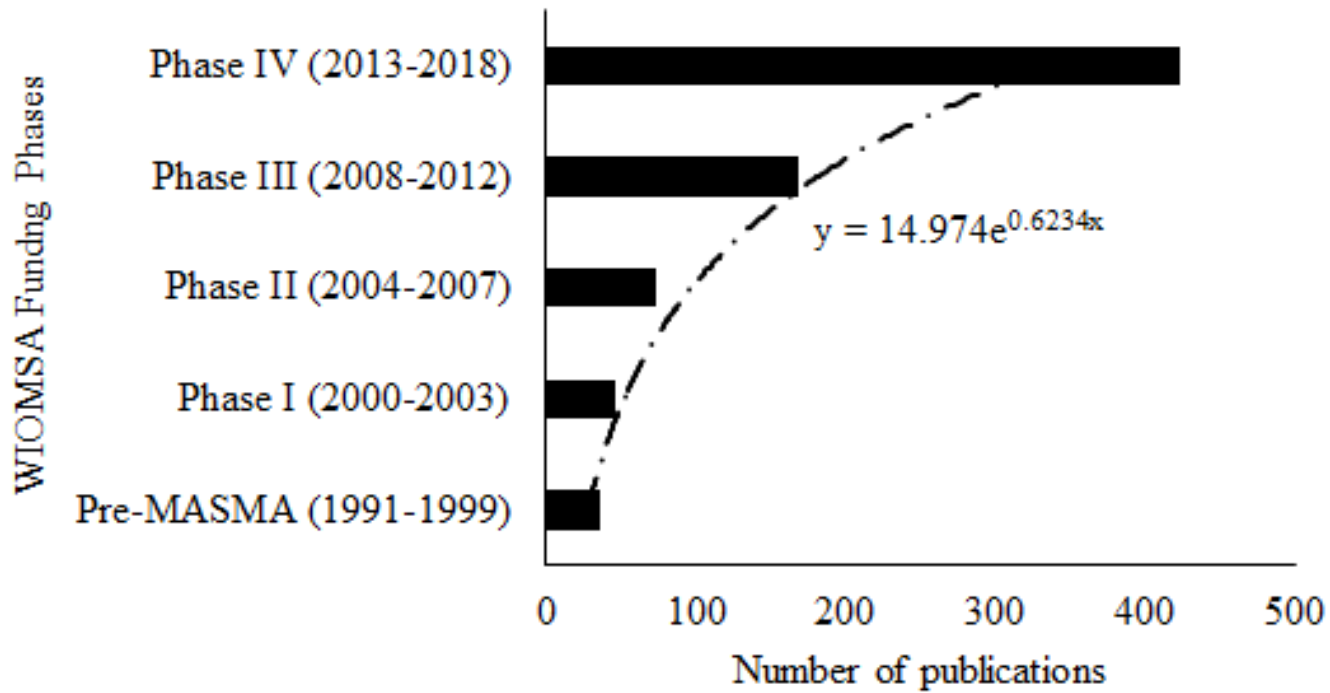
Science – Policy Platform
Science – Policy series
Policy briefs
Science to the Nairobi Convention



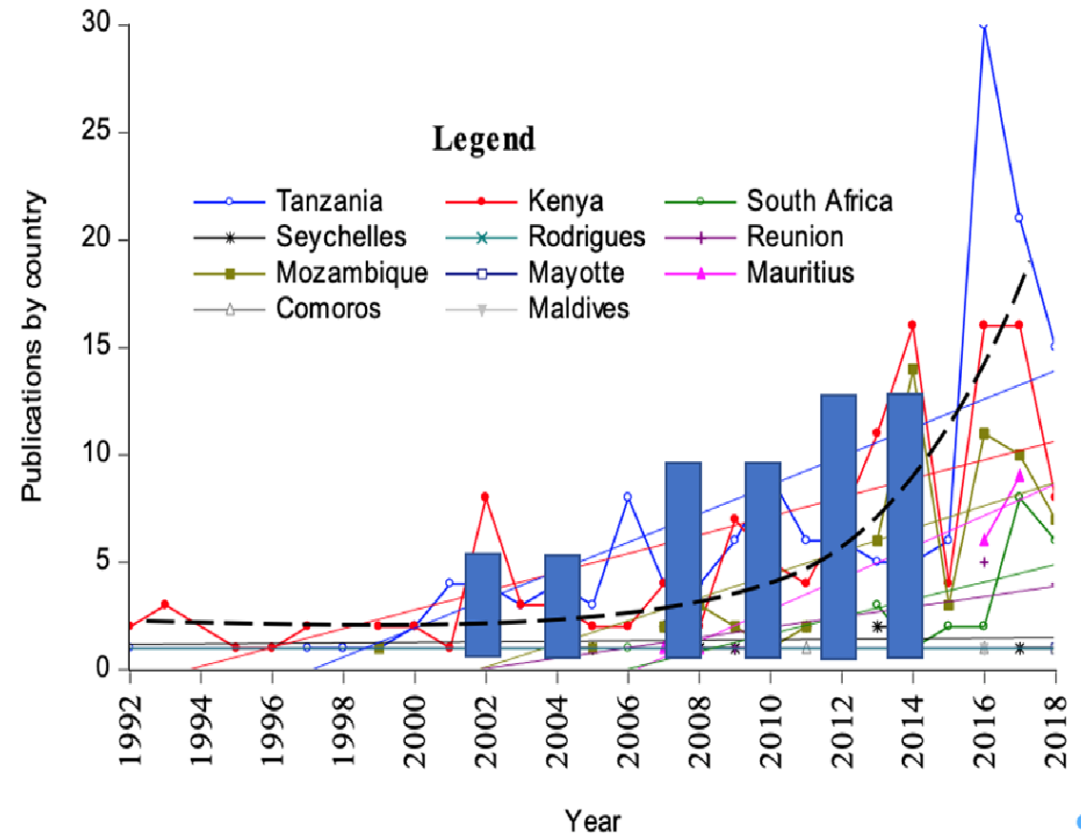
Science to improve knowledge

- Research grants
- Commissioned research
- Knowledge synthesis
- Regional status reports

Research output



Trends in WIO Publications during the distinct phases. Source (WIOSA) The same period (1992 and 2018) witnessed an increase in scientific outputs from all countries in the WIO region (Figure 4) with most coming from Tanzania and Kenya.



Research output from WIO countries between 1992 and 2018 (trendline showing cumulative increase)

The problem...faced by ecosystem managers



Data, Information and Knowledge is required at different levels



WESTERN INDIAN OCEAN

MARINE PROTECTED AREAS OUTLOOK

Towards achievement of the Global Biodiversity Framework Targets

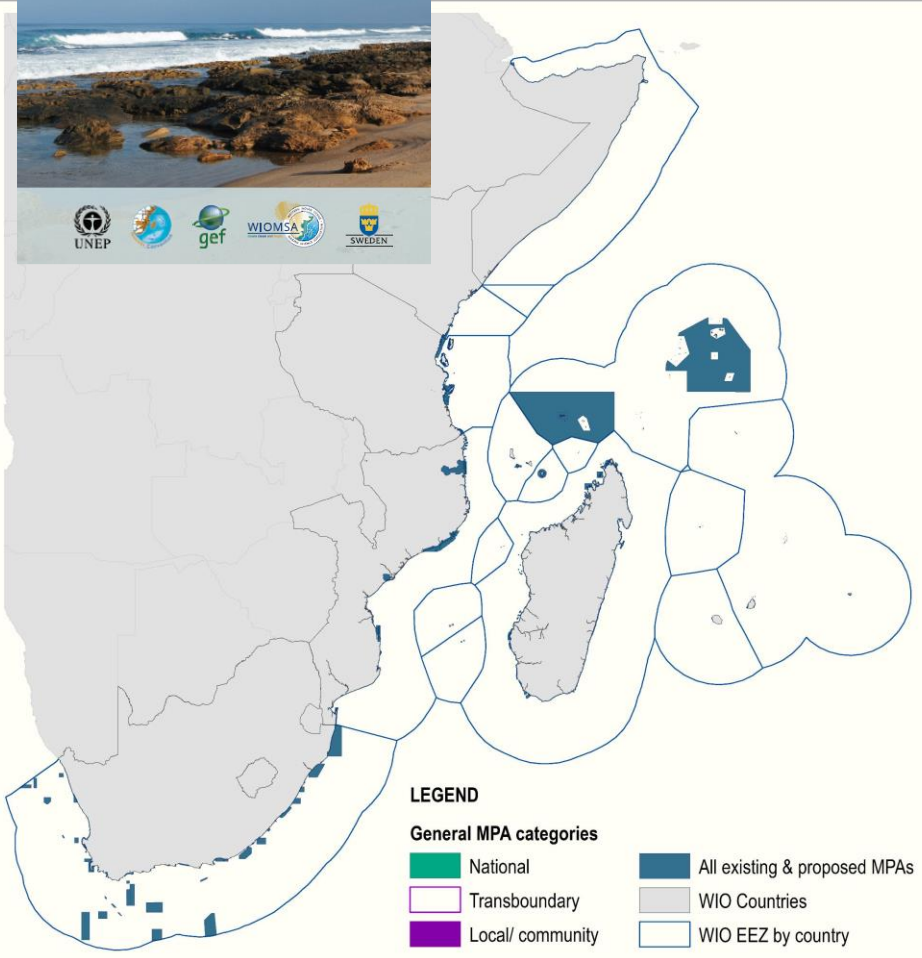
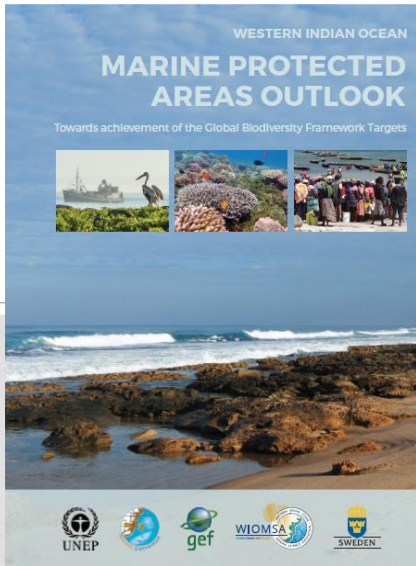


Western Indian Ocean Marine Protected Areas Outlook: *Towards achievement of the Global Biodiversity Framework Targets*

Regional MPA Network

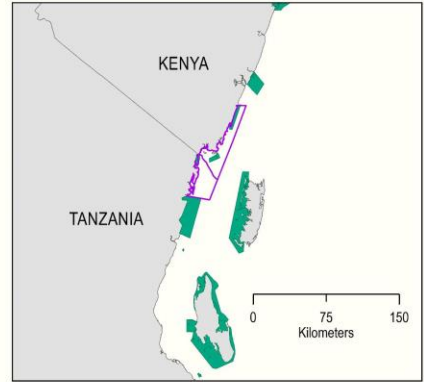


Status of MPAs in the WIO

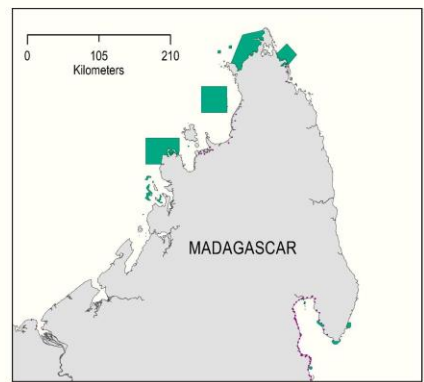


THE WIO MPA NETWORK SYSTEM

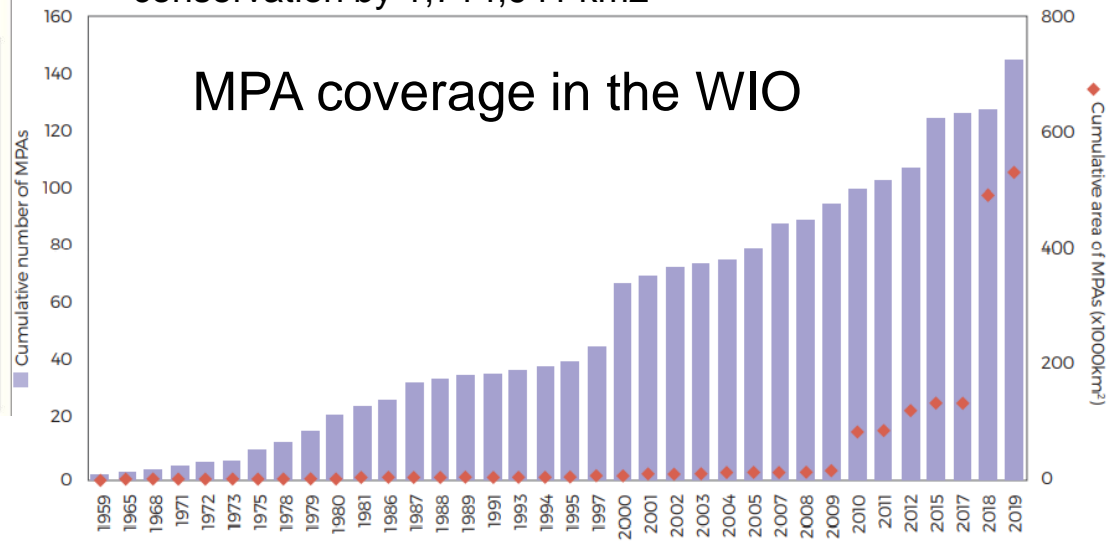
A) Transboundary conservation efforts



B) National networks with coordinated national & local MPA efforts

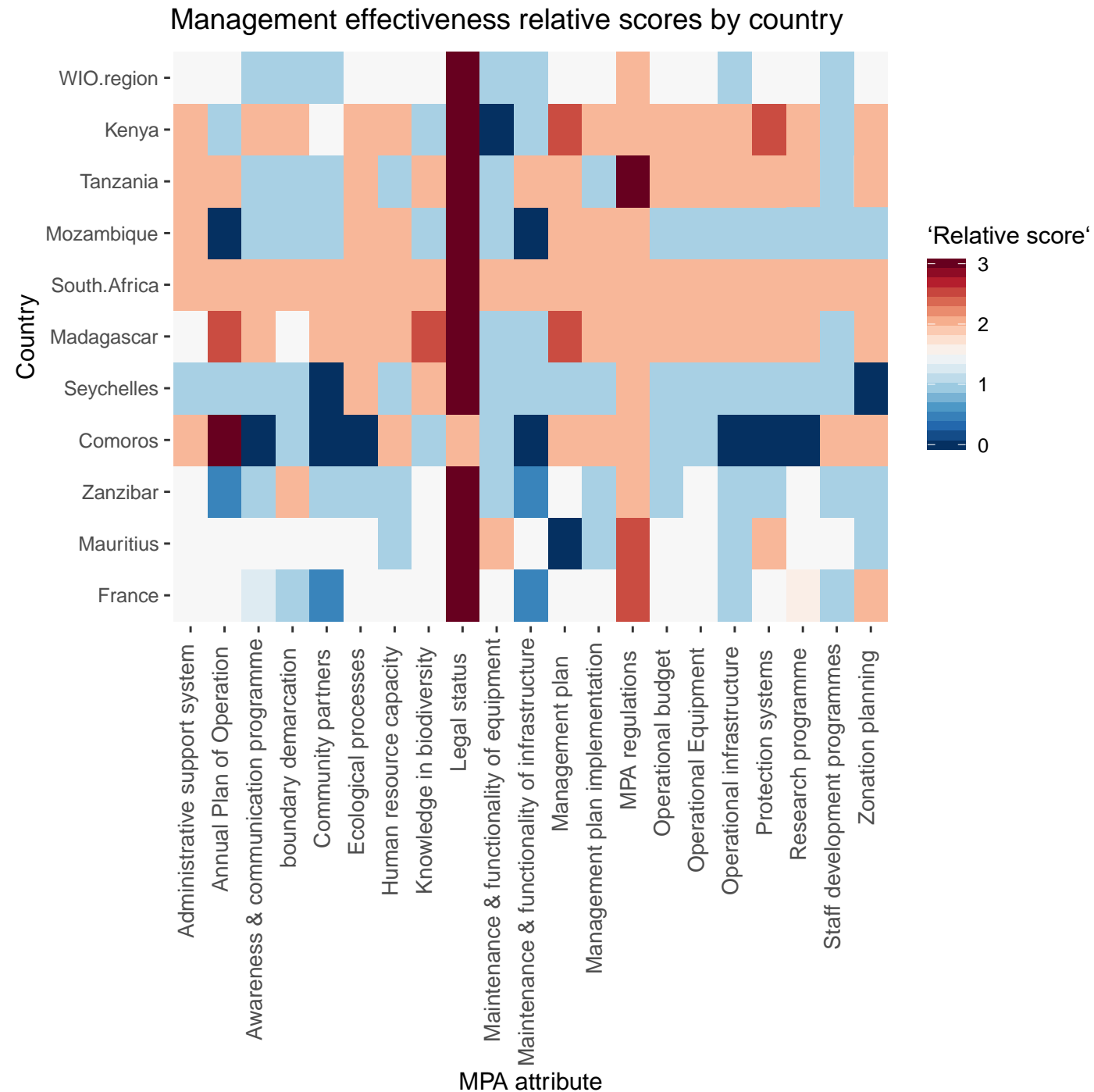


- WIO MPA outlook report- outlines WIO performance in relation to the Aichi Target 11 and Sustainable Development Goal 14
- **By 2019 - 143 MPAs and 173 locally-managed marine areas** in the WIO reported by 9 countries
- Represents the protection of ~678 000km² or 8.5 percent of the combined EEZ
- Currently, there are 14 proposed MPAs in the region covering a potential area of more than 50 000 sq Km
- 173 existing and proposed LMMAs which could potentially translate to the protection of more than 1600 km² of nearshore habitats
- WIO will need to increase area under marine conservation by 1,714,941 km²



Management Effectiveness Assessment in 2019

- Legislative and institutional frameworks that support the establishment and management of MPAs exist in every country.
- Weak administrative and support systems.
- Implementation of regulations
- Shortfalls in financial and personnel capacity
- Lack of clarity on park boundary leading to compliance issues
- Lack of science--driven management decision support system
- Operations and equipment
- Boundary plans and their implementation
- Low staffing levels and competences – e.g. enforcement



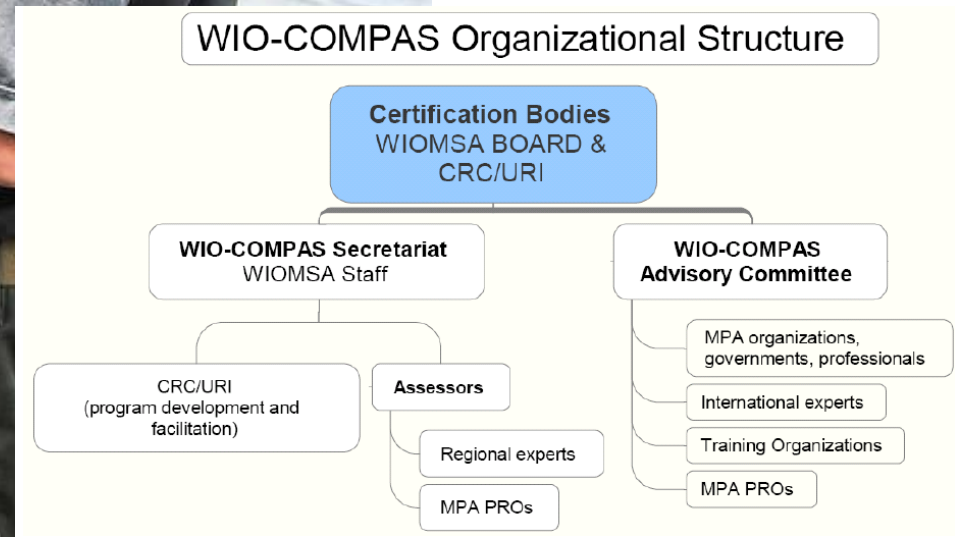


WIOMSA supporting capacity development of marine resource managers

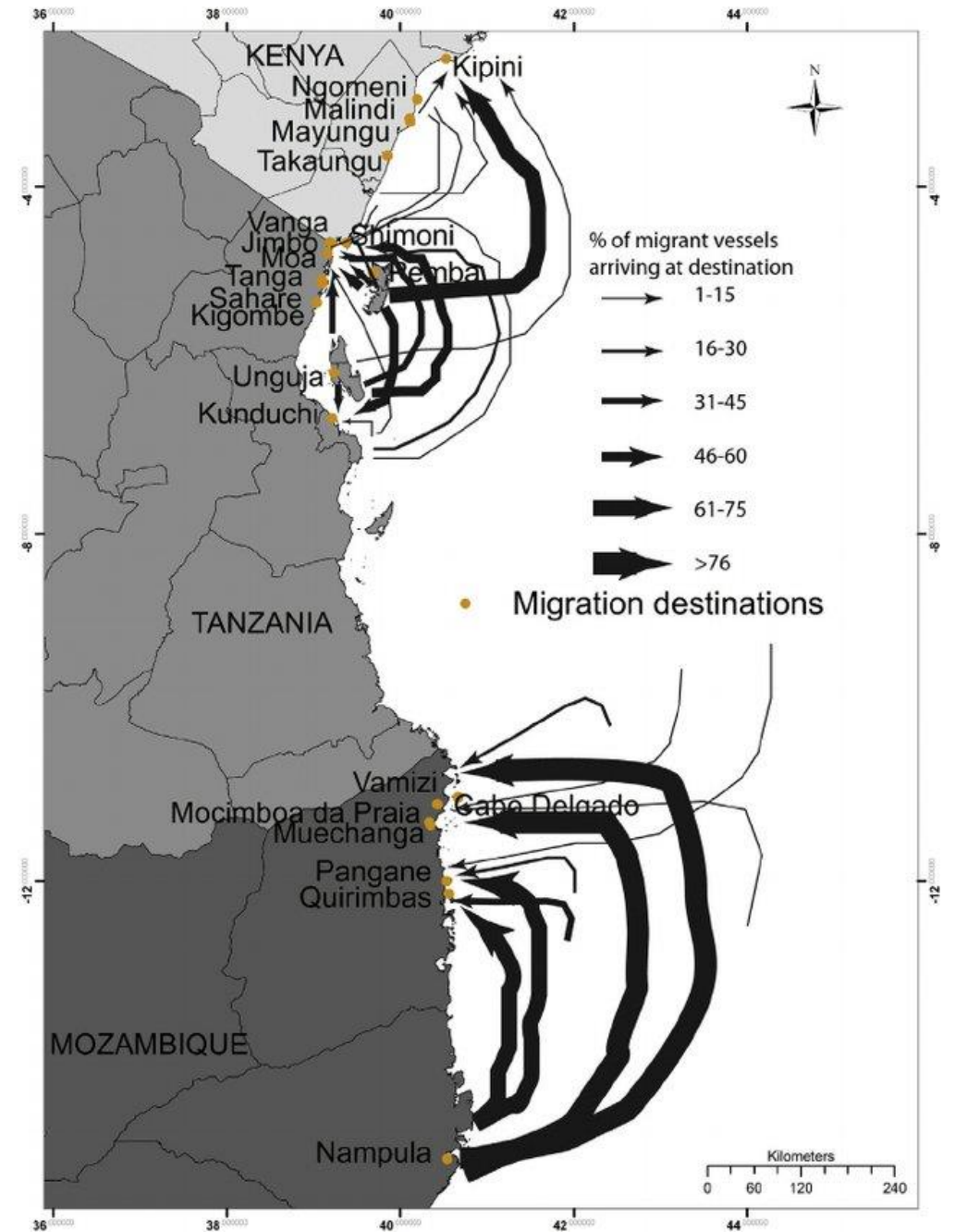
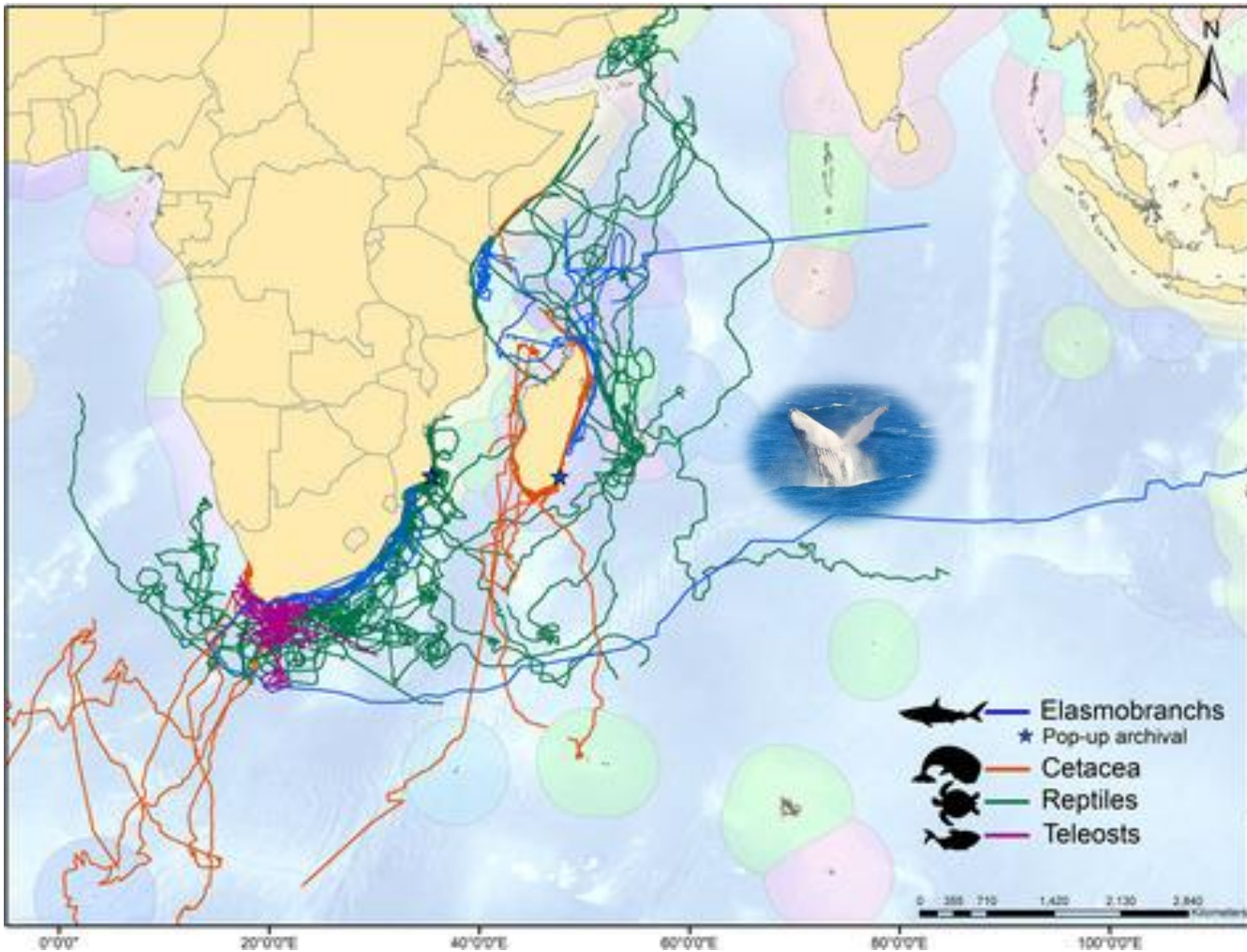


- WIOMSA supporting training of MPA managers

<https://www.wio-compas.org/>

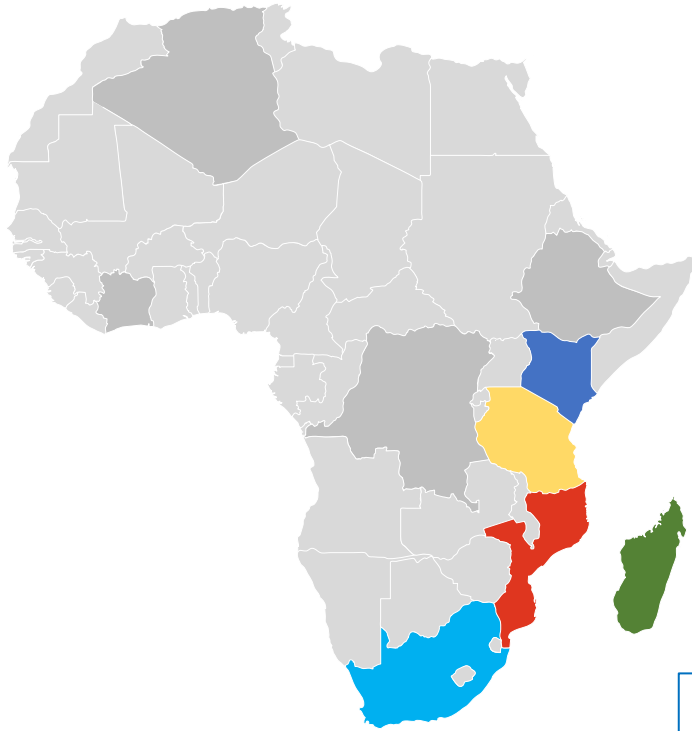


Transboundary marine conservation



Ocean Acidification Monitoring Project from 2018

Six countries in the Western Indian Ocean



Participants

- Kenya Marine and Fisheries Research Institute (Kenya)
- Mauritius Oceanography Institute and University of Mauritius (Mauritius),
- University of Eduardo Mondlane (Mozambique)
- Tanzania Fisheries Research Institute (Tanzania)
- University of Seychelles (Seychelles)
- Oceanographic Research Institute (South Africa)

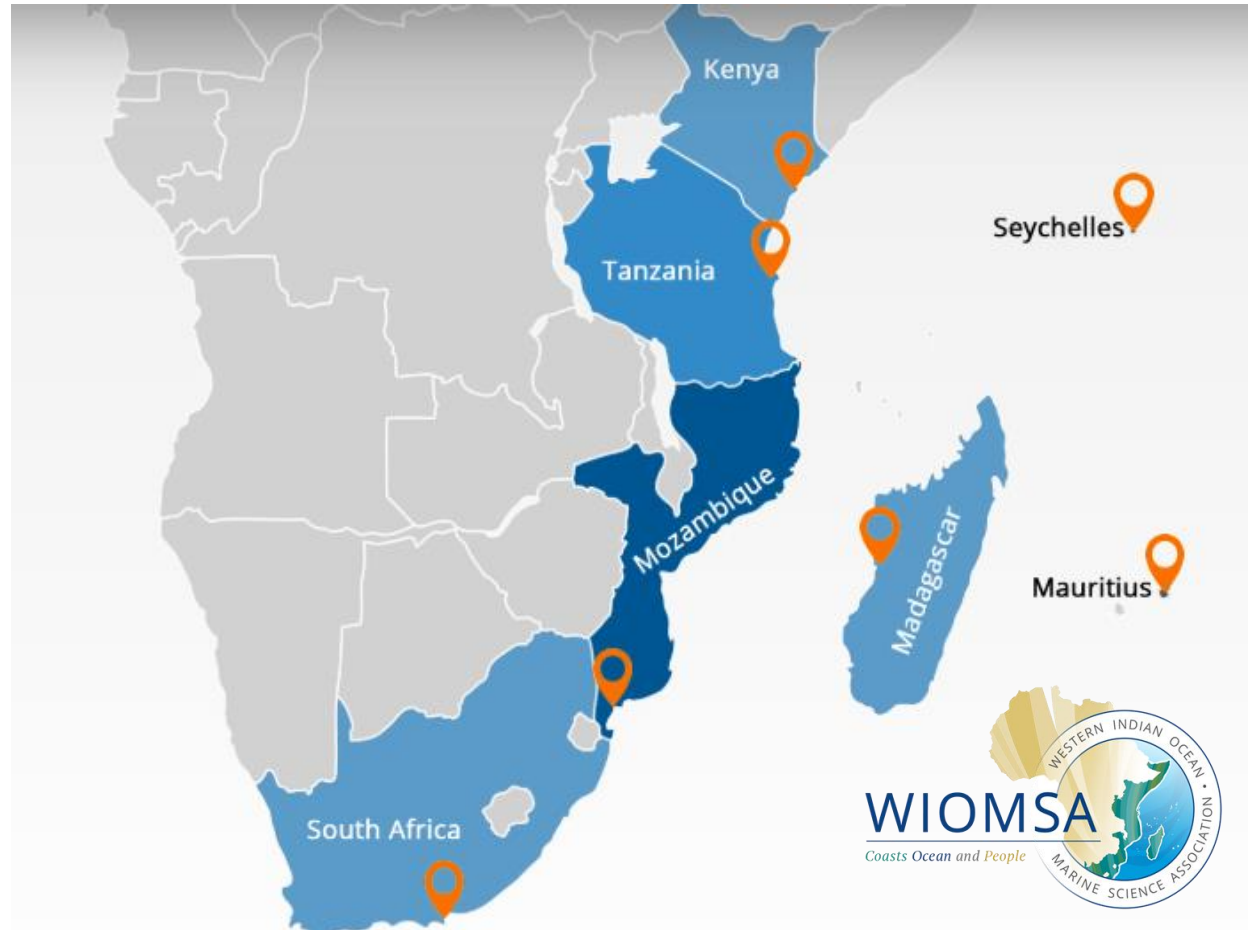
Success

- Established OA observation and research in the Western Indian Ocean
- Created a community of practice for OA and other stressors on the marine environment
- Baseline data for SDG 14.3

WIOMSA Marine Litter Monitoring Programme

7 Countries

3 Years



Coordinated
by AMWN



EO needs for regional ecosystem management



A Sustained Ocean Observing System in the Indian Ocean for Climate Related Scientific Knowledge and Societal Needs

J. C. Hermes^{1,2*}, Y. Masumoto^{3,4}, L. M. Beal⁵, M. K. Roxy^{6,7}, J. Vialard⁸, M. Andres⁹, H. Annamalai¹⁰, S. Behera⁴, N. D'Adamo¹¹, T. Doi², M. Feng¹², W. Han¹³, N. Hardman-Mountford¹⁴, H. Hendon¹⁵, R. Hood¹⁶, S. Kido³, C. Lee¹⁷, T. Lee¹⁸, M. Lengaigne⁹, J. Li¹⁹, R. Lumpkin²⁰, K. N. Navaneeth²¹, B. Milligan²², M. J. McPhaden⁷, M. Ravichandran²³, T. Shinoda²⁴, A. Singh²⁵, B. Sloyan¹², P. G. Strutton^{26,27}, A. C. Subramanian²⁸, S. Thurston¹⁸, T. Tozuka³, C. C. Ummerhofer⁹, A. S. Unnikrishnan²⁹, R. Venkatesan²¹, D. Wang³⁰, J. Wiggert³¹, L. Yu⁹ and W. Yu³²

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Oceanic Platform of the Canary
Islands, Spain

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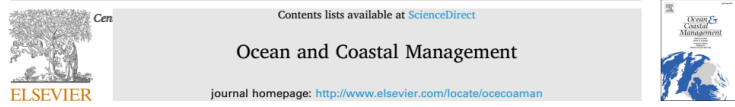
journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/cliser



Short Communication

Earth observation and coastal climate services for small islands

Lena Rölder^{*}, Gundula Winter, María Máñez Costa, Louis Celliers



The small pelagic fishery of the Pemba Channel, Tanzania: What we know and what we need to know for management under climate change

Baraka Sekadende^a, Lucy Scott^b, Jim Anderson^c, Shankar Aswani^d, Julius Francis^e, Zoe Jacobs^f, Fatma Jebri^g, Narriman Jiddawi^h, Albogast T. Kamukuru^h, Stephen Kelly^f, Hellen Kizenga^g, Baraka Kuguru^h, Margareth Kyewalyanga^g, Margaux Noyonⁱ, Ntahondi Nyandwi^g, Stuart C. Painter^j, Matthew Palmer^j, Dionysios E. Raitsos^{k,l}, Michael Roberts^l, Sévrine F. Saille^j, Melita Samoilys^k, Warwick H.H. Sauer^d, Salome Shayo^g, Yohana Shamburde^g, Sarah F.W. Taylor^f, Juliana Wibisono^f, Ekaterina Bonova^f



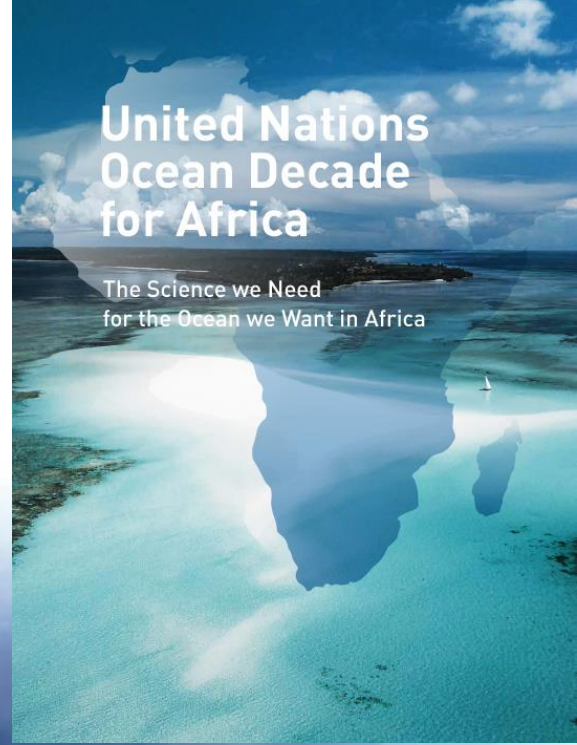
Improve the understanding of the regional network of **organisations, providers and networks** that support FAIR EO data and information at different levels

Develop a regional concept of FAIR and nested EO **data and information** in support coastal and ocean management and climate adaptation

Develop a **process** which **WIO countries** could use to request relevant EO data and information from organisations, providers and networks.



THANK YOU



Nine priority future Decade Actions
The extensive stakeholder engagement process culminated in the identification of nine priority future Decade Actions. These are:

- Sustainable Ocean Management in Africa
- Ocean and Human Health in Africa
- Unlocking the Blue Carbon Potential of Africa
- Fisheries and Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated (IUU) Fisheries in Africa
- Strengthening Multi-hazard Early Warning Systems and Community Resilience
- Ocean Observations and Forecasting Systems for Africa
- Digital Twin for Africa - Establishing an African Ocean Knowledge Hub
- Strengthening capacities and skills of African Early Career Ocean Professionals (ECOPs)
- Regional Ocean Literacy Programme for Africa