ATH CO BLUE PLANET SYMPOSIUM

4-6 July 2018 - Toulouse, France

Oceans and Atmosphere



Ocean Information for Aquaculture: Status & Perspectives

Andy Steven Research Director - Coasts



#GEOBluePlanet4

What do You think of as Aquaculture?





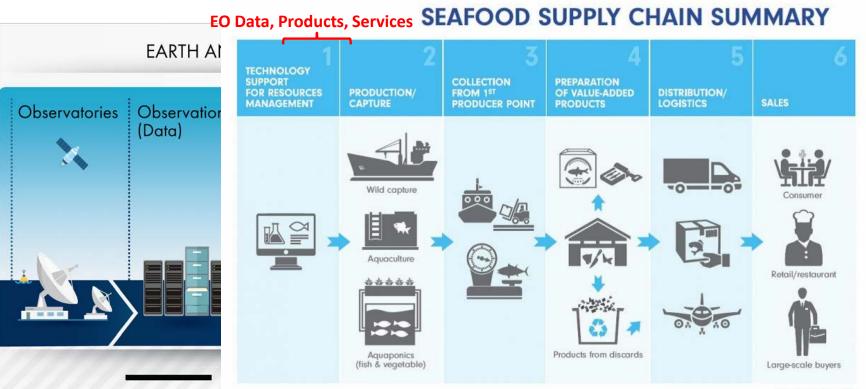




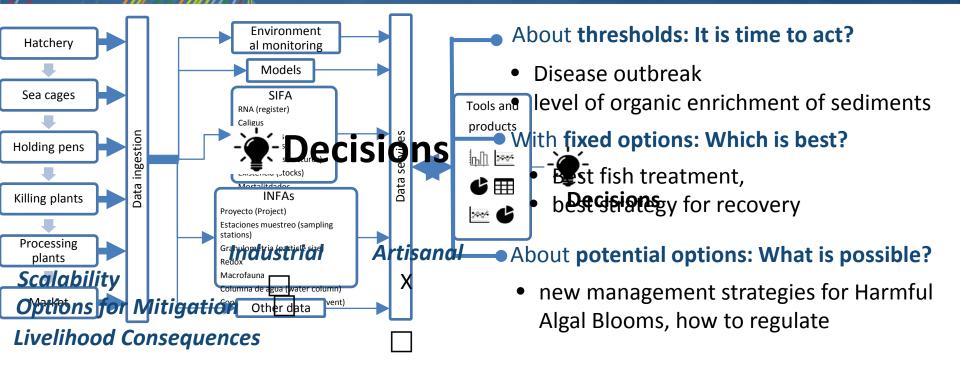




Whose Value Chain?

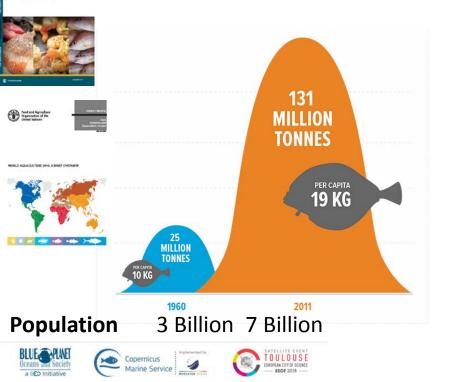


Decisions determine Data & Consequences

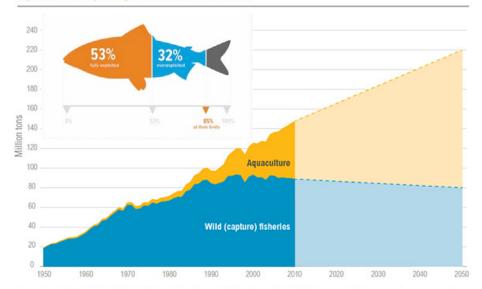


Aquaculture Growth

FISH TED 2030 Prospects for Followins and Reported



Aquaculture Is Expanding to Meet World Fish Demand



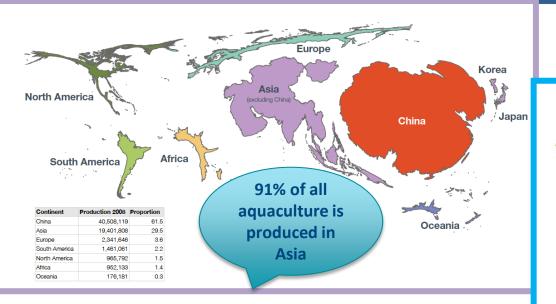
Source: Historical data 1950–2010: FAO. 2014. "FishStatJ." Rome: FAO. Projections 2011–2050: Calculated at WRJ, assumes 10 percent reduction in wild fish catch between 2010 and 2050, and linear growth of aquaculture production at an additional 2 million tons per year between 2010 and 2050.

See www.wri.org/publication/improving-aquaculture for full paper.

🔅 WORLD RESOURCES INSTITUTE

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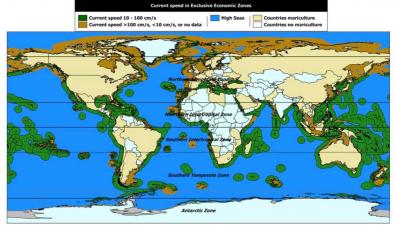
Aquaculture Distribution





Offshore aquaculture

Current speeds: 0.1-1 m s⁻¹, suitable depth range for cages and longlines 123 countries with at least 100 km² that meet these criteria: 10^6 - 10^7 ton y⁻¹



Kapetsky et al., 2010. FAO Workshop, Rome, 2010.

Seaweed Farming

- World production of farmed seaweeds doubled between 2000 and 2012.
- Farmed seaweeds provide ~95% of all seaweed production
- 24 million tons of farmed seaweed are produced each year for direct food consumption, thickening agents, and animal feeds.
- Projected ~\$50B industry by 2023 for seaweed/algae products Mostly From Demand of Chinese Market



Management Principles Best Practice

- Risk-based
- Ecosystem and Carrying Capacity
- Certification
- Whole Value Chain
- Social License





Aquaculture and the SDGs (1)

Intersects with many SDGs

• SGG 14 core but also 13, 2,1 & 5



Practical Issues

- Trade-offs between different SDG objectives;
- Nature of environmental capacity or limits to growth;
- Adaptive planning and management systems;
- capacity development of institutions

Buy-in

- Endorsed by Corporate Aquaculture Companies and Associations as part of Corporate Sustainability
- For Artisanal Aquaculture- little to no awareness or capacity



THE 2030 AGENDA AND THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS: THE CHALLENGE FOR AQUACULTURE DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT



Aquaculture and the SDGs (2)

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL 14

Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

Themes

- Marine pollution
- marine and coastal ecosystems
- ocean acidification
- Overfishing
- Illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing
- small-scale artisanal fishers
- Improve ocean health
- Economic benefits to Small Island States

Actions

- prevent and reduce
- Conserve, sustainably manage and use,

10 TARGETS and **INDICATORS**

- international law
- Minimize
- Regulate,
- Prohibit
- access to marine resources & markets
- research capacity and transfer marine technology
- sustainable use of marine resources

EO Applications to Aquaculture (1)

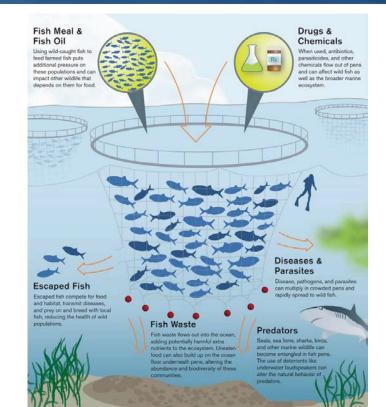
Environmental Compliance Assessment and Reporting Industry and Regulator

- Establishing farm footprints
- Environmental Condition Compliance Monitoring
- Lease domains

Operational Production monitoring Industry

- Fish stocking numbers and feed rates
- Escapes and predation
- Disease Outbreak and spread
- Potential Impacts of Environmental conditions and events (e.g. HABs)

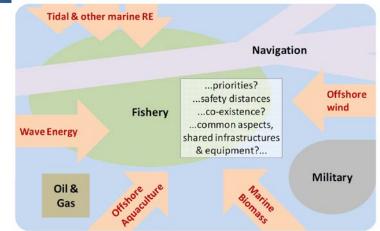




EO Applications to Aquaculture (2)

Regional Strategic Development planning

- Planning to harmonize Multi-sector use
- Constraint Mapping & Feasibility Assessment
 - New Coastal Regions
 - Offshore Sites
- Planning carrying capacity and setting thresholds
- Environmental Monitoring, Event Detection and Forecasting
- HABs, / Productivity
- Hypoxia
- heat waves





EO for Industrial Aquaculture

- Many Public good and commercial services in Europe
 - Less so elsewhere
- Make extensive use of Copernicus and H2020 developed services
- Relatively few have integrated EO and models and even fewer with other socioecological information



BLUEFARM



NATIONAL CENTERS FOR COASTAL OCEAN SCIENCE

CAPES

NCCOS



Salmon farming in Chile

High value

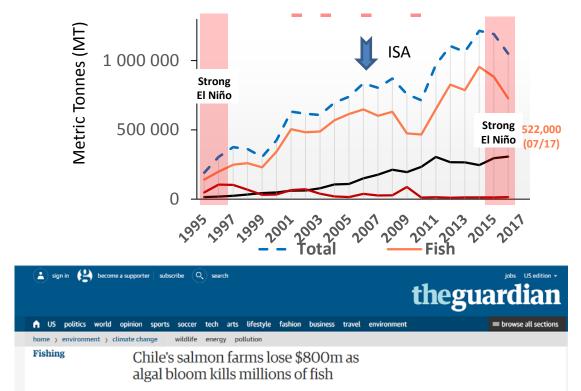
- US\$ 3.8b, up to
- 40% regional labor force

Rapid growth,

- 3,832 leases
- Development to south

Social License Issues

- Regionally Internationally
- Need for evidence-based management



SIMA-Austral:



Integrated Management System for Aquaculture

Products and Services Strategic Planning Incident Response **Forecasts Production of Reports** Regional plans Disease Outbreaks Production and Mortalities Oil spills Industry spatial plannina Harmful algal blooms Floods / Storms Compliance and Evaluation Territorial planning Storm losses Climate Change Marine parks & Disease **Integration and Data Access** model Ingestion Visualization Rules **Services** Components Models **Data Processing** Bioeconomic **Biophysical Risk models** Data Analysis of models model 42°30 services data Connectivity Epidemiologic models al models Computing

SALMON

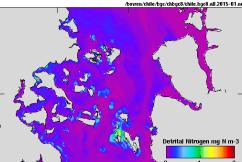
rate (g

Growth

Weight (g)

Growth

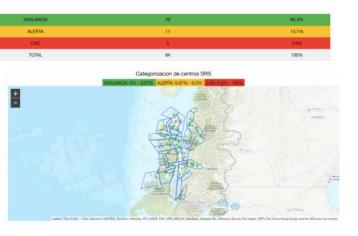
model



SIMA-Austral: Reporting Products



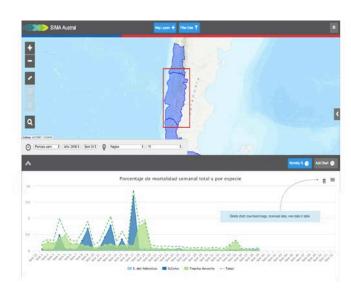
Daily alerts



Example: SRS - Aysen



Monthly Reports



Example: Mortalities - Aysen



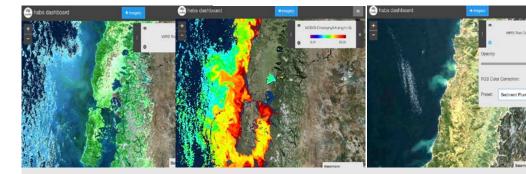


Assessment and Forecasting

Disease Risk analysis- Caligus Sea Lice

SIMA-Austral:

Harmful Algal Bloom Monitoring



Data Layers 🛢

these layers represent data that may be interrogated

- + Normalised Fluorescence Line Height
- + Sea Surface Temperature
- + Ocean Color Index (ChI-a) Algorithm
- + Chl-a warning
- + Total Absorption Coefficient
- + Combined Detrital/Gelbstoff Absorption Coefficient
- + Total Backscattering Coefficient

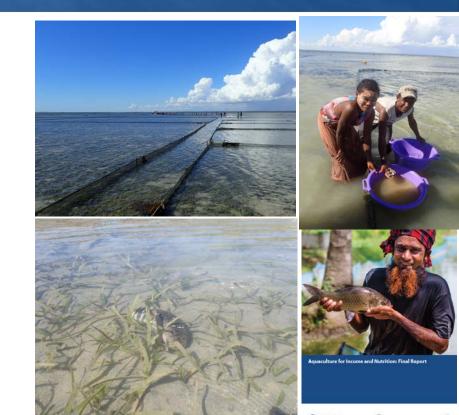
Tile Layers 涵

these layers provide imagery for visual reference

- + Enhanced RGB
- + MODIS True Colour
- + VIIRS True Colour
- + GHR SST
- + MODIS Chlorophyll A
- + Sentinel-3A OLCI Level-2 (geophysical) products.

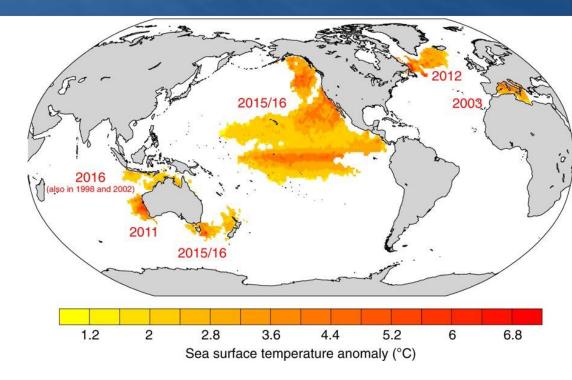
EO for Artisanal Aquaculture (1)

- One of the most environmentally benign types of aquaculture
- Promoted in developing countries where communities have reduced access to alternative livelihoods
- Algae / cucumber
- However: Only ~ 20% of Value chain is local
- Key questions from growers is quality and
- continuity of seaweed
- Options relate to adaption rather than mitigation
- Delivery of EO patchy
- Products and Delivery Mechanisms must be considered

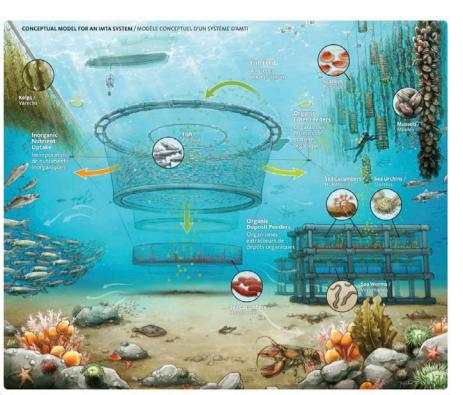


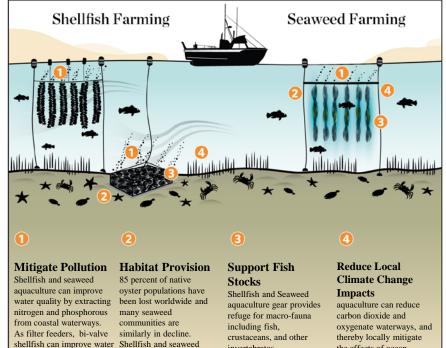
EO for Artisanal Aquaculture (2)

- Significant and widespread loss of Seaweed across Indo-Pacific from 2015
- Most probably related to marine heatwave
- Disease outbreaks associated with loss of resilience form elevated Temperatures
- Loss of livelihoods
- Adaption-deeper sites-



Future Trends- Integrated Mixed Trophic Aquaculture





invertebrates.

aquaculture can provide

some of the benefits of

these lost habitats.

eutrophication, which effects 415 estuaries

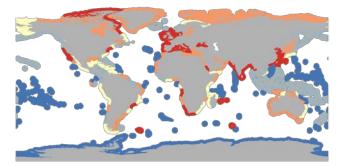
clarity. These factors can

lessen the symptoms of

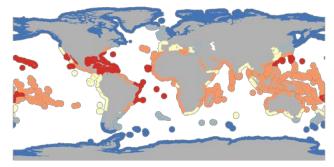
thereby locally mitigate the effects of ocean acidification. Through increased water clarity, shellfish aquaculture may

promote the growth of

Potential of Restorative Aquaculture



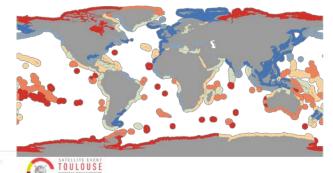
mitigate eutrophication



mitigate ocean acidification

Low Priority Region

High Priority Region







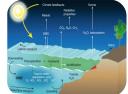
Future Trends- Biosensng

Optical Imaging, Mapping, Habitat Surveying



Monitoring & Modelling Animal Physiology





eDNA for Species Detection







biosenso

3-axis acceleration m

ECO Time Serie

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ECG& heart rd

Temperature

I. Raw physiology data collection, time-series signal processing, filters

Regression Model II. Machine learning classifiers for behaviour, feeding, data quality

Shallow Classifiers

Decision Tree SVM

Deep Learning

Energetics III. Splattidtemporal data summarization, trending, anomaly detection

Fish

Activity Classifier

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Parting Thoughts

Artisanal Farmers

- Define user needs and develop relevant, accessible products
- Promote/ Collaborate for Regional information systems/portals

EO to support Pacific Ocean Island States 2-3 October 2018 : Brisbane, Australia

 Define a plan of action for coordinated ongoing EO support and capacity building in the Pacific Ocean island states

Industry

 develop and validate regional-scale forecasting capability for HABS and Disease detection

Regulators

 Increase awareness of /standards for of EO potential for informing siting of coastal and offshore facilities and environmental reporting